

FOREST TYPE: HEMLOCK

SPECIES LIST

Asterisk denotes Species of Greatest Conservation Need. Hyperlinks take you to recommendations specific to the species.

Reptiles and Amphibians

Northern redbelly snake

Birds

Great horned owl

[Long-eared owl](#)*

Northern saw-whet owl

Blue-headed vireo

Blue jay

Red-breasted nuthatch

Winter wren

Hermit thrush

Black-throated green warbler

Mammals

Snowshoe hare

Red squirrel

Deer mouse

Southern red-backed vole

[Hoary bat](#)*

[Indiana bat](#)*

[Little brown bat](#)*

[Northern long-eared bat](#)*

[Red bat](#)*

[Silver-haired bat](#)*

[Tri-colored bat](#)*

Porcupine

Gray fox

Red fox

Black bear

RECOMMENDATIONS

These recommendations are designed to optimize wildlife habitat conditions within this forest type. Other silvicultural options may apply, but they won't necessarily optimize potential habitat conditions for the full range of wildlife species that can occupy this type.

- Use uneven-aged management. Single tree or group selection—groups less than $\frac{1}{10}$ acre.
- Use a 200-year rotation age with entries every 20 years.
- Let 10 percent of the area in this type go to 250-plus years before rotating.
- Avoid entry during nesting season—April to June.
- Whole-tree harvest or cut-to-length is preferred.